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## CHRONICLE-UNION.

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### THE BACILLI OF SMALLPOX.

Valuable Experiments by a Bacteriologist.—Death Stops His Search.

The bacteriologists at the congress of American physicians and surgeons exchanged some surprising experiences, says a Washington letter to St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Dr. Harold C. Ernst, of Boston, however, contributed the most wonderful of all the stories of germs and cultures. Dr. Ernst told how the late Dr. S. C. Martin entered his laboratory to make a study of the germs of smallpox. Dr. Martin's father was the man who introduced the manufacture of cowpox into this country. He maintained this industry for many years and then turned it over to his son. The latter continued the production of virus for vaccination purposes, but desiring to learn more about the disease for which he was manufacturing the preventive, he came to Dr. Ernst's laboratory and entered upon a series of experiments. This work he continued until his fatal illness. On his death bed, just previous to a surgical operation, he committed to Dr. Ernst an account of his discoveries. This story Dr. Ernst told to the bacteriologists. Accustomed as they were to having their credulity taxed by the revelations in their peculiar field of research, these gentlemen could hardly believe in the results of Dr. Martin's work.

Dr. Martin began his investigation by collecting from smallpox patients a large number and variety of bacteria. He bred from these bacteria. Or, in the language of bacteriology, he got cultures. With these cultures he inoculated the calves and the calves produced cowpox. From this cowpox he took virus and vaccinated children. The matter "took" with all the vigor of the best virus. The operation was repeated until Dr. Martin was sure he had found the bacteria which causes smallpox. He described it to Dr. Ernst as "a short, fine bacillus with rounded ends."

Obtaining the bacteria from people with smallpox, Dr. Martin reproduced them through no fewer than fourteen generations of cultures. He dipped points in the tube containing the fourteenth culture and gave them to Dr. Williams. The latter vaccinated with these points and got perfect vaccination results in one or two cases. Dr. Martin himself did not carry his experiments far enough to establish his case of vaccination direct from culture tubes but none of them "took." That he inoculated many calves direct from his culture tubes and produced the virus sent from the Martin establishment for two years was produced upon the calves by inoculations from the culture tubes.

Before he died Dr. Martin was sure he had found the bacillus of smallpox. He felt that it only remained to be shown how the germ could be produced by culture so as to vaccinate without the intermediate production of cowpox. He had propagated the germ through generation after generation, but something more was necessary, he felt, to make it available for practical vaccination without going through the calf.

### Ants Wearing the Green.

"I once witnessed an interesting but peculiar spectacle in animal life, but one which I have never been able to account for," remarked Abraham I. Givens, of Brenham, Tex., according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "I was going home just at nightfall over a sandy road, when I noticed directly in front of me what appeared to be a long line of green ribbon about one-half an inch thick. I stooped to examine it, and to my astonishment, found that it was a procession of ants, marching three or four abreast, in very close order, each one carrying a little piece of a green leaf. The effect was a continuous line of green without any break. I went back to find the beginning, but as it issued from the grass in the roadside, I was unable to trace it further in that direction. I then followed it for several rods, until it entered the grass on the other side of the road and was lost to sight. Whether it was Palm Sunday or St. Patrick's day with the ants, or some political jubilee they were celebrating, has always remained a mystery to me."

### Paris Press Ethics.

A Paris boulevard paper publishes the following dialogue between a member of the cabinet of ministers and a newspaper man who is paid by the former under the condition that he must keep up the appearance of opposing the minister. Says the journalist: "Can I call you 'cansille' or 'dirty hog'?" "Of course," answered the minister, "but make a change once in a while in your epithets; put me down as a 'bandit,' for instance. But never venture to denominate me as a 'che-quart' (bribe taker); that is the only epithet that makes a bad impression upon the public."

### HE WAS NO SNOB.

Story of a Political Campaign in the Blue Grass State.

John C. Underwood, who was elected lieutenant governor of Kentucky on the same ticket with Luke Blackburn, is an amusing story teller, particularly when he is started on the subject of political stumping in Kentucky. "Our people," said he not long ago to a New York Evening Post man, "don't like snobishness. I remember one time when I was stumping one of the mountain counties. I bought twenty-five dollars' worth of nickels and carried them in my saddle bags. At every log cabin I would ride up and ask for a drink of water. Out would come a little boy or girl with a gourd dipper of warm water. I would take a swallow, then drop a nickel in the dipper. The little one would run in and I would go on. The child's mother would come out and have the generous gentleman pointed out. The consequence was that I got the vote of that house. Well, one morning I rode up to a house and a little girl brought me out a dipper of water. I felt in my pocket and discovered that I hadn't a copper."

"Little girl," said I, "I generally have a nickel somewhere about me, but I haven't to-day, so I'll give you what's the next best thing for a girl, and that's a kiss, and I got down off my horse, and kissed her for my own little blue-eyed girl at home. Another little blue-eyed girl here showed up, and I had to kiss her for a niece of mine who looked like. By this time another little girl showed up, half a head taller than the rest, and not to be impartial. I kissed her, when I found that four or five other girls had gathered and I was in for it. So, beginning with the smallest, I kissed each one. The change in stature was so gradual that I didn't notice that the last one was a full-grown young woman—and right handsome at that—until I had kissed her. Looking up I saw that there were two or three old ladies laughing at me, and thinking that I had made a bad break. I lifted my hat to the young lady and begged her pardon and explained how it was. She didn't seem to mind it much, but the old ladies kept laughing, and one said: 'Why, darn it, she's Bill's wife.'"

"Well," I thought, "I'm in for it. That knocks out all my votes in this neighborhood. I inquired at the next man's house who Bill was and was told that it was 'Lucky' Holmes, the hardest citizen in Carter county. Next day I had to speak at the courthouse and when I came up I noticed a gang of about twenty-five rough-looking fellows off at one side, and a big six-foot fellow talking to them and gesticulating with both hands."

"Who's that?" I inquired.  
"That's 'Lucky' Holmes and his gang," was the reply. Cold chills ran down my back and I shifted my revolver around to where I could reach it without trouble, and then ventured up to overhear what he was saying.

"Well," I blurted blankly, "I heard him say, 'if he don't catch my vote. No snob that gentleman. Jest as soon kiss a poor man's wife as a rich one's.' That settled it, and I got one hundred and fifty more votes in that county than any other man on the ticket."

### PERFUME MEASURED BY CENTS

She Wanted Visitors to Smell the Dollar—and a Half Rose.

"All flesh is not the same flesh," and there are people who cannot understand the aesthetic delight in what to a grosser sense is at best a mere matter of sensuous pleasure and in many instances simply an affair of dollars and cents.

What flowers are, for instance, to some feminine natures is incomprehensible to less poetic beings, who, however pleased they may be with the costly beauty of exotics are quite incapable of feeling the true spell of their loveliness.

One of these true lovers of flowers, calling on Mrs. Midas the other day, says the New York Tribune, was shown into her sumptuous drawing-room, which, in accordance with the delightful fashion of the day, was filled with costly roses in the greatest profusion, and was redolent of their perfume.

Quite entranced, the "lover of flowers" wandered from one fragrant specimen to another, and finally was hanging with delight over a large bunch of "Mme. Cousin," whose exquisite pink looked most enchantingly fresh in a large bowl of clear cut crystal, when her hostess entered.

"Admiring the roses, are you?" said the latter, after the first greetings had been said. "Yes, they are pretty nice this morning; I gave carte blanche to Blank to fill my vases every other day, so I have no trouble about them at all. But don't waste your praises over those twenty-five-cent things; only smell these," pointing to the superb cluster of American Beauties. "They cost one dollar and a half apiece."

### DEATH BY HANGING.

The Three Different Stages Through Which the Victim Passes.

"I have made the subject of death by hanging a long study," said Dr. D. S. Lamb, an ex-surgeon of the United States army, according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "From my observations during my experience in the army, I feel justified in saying that death by hanging is the most exaggerated of all modes. It may be immediate and without symptoms, but the subject must pass through three stages before death."

"In the first stage the victim passes into a partial stupor lasting from thirty seconds to two minutes, but this is generally governed by the length of the drop, the weight of the body, and the tightness of the constriction. There is absolutely no pain in this stage; the feeling is rather one of pleasure. The subjective symptoms described are intense heat in the head, brilliant flashes of light in the eyes, deafening sounds in the ears and a heavy numb feeling in the lungs. In the second stage, the subject passes into unconsciousness, and convulsions usually occur. In the third stage all is quiet except the beating of the heart, just before death the agitation is renewed, but in a different way from that in the second stage. The feet are raised, the tongue has a peculiar spasm, the chest heaves, the eyes protrude from the orbits and oscillate from side to side, and the pupils dilate. The pulse can, in most cases, be felt ten minutes after the drop."

"I once knew a man who was desirous of ascertaining if there was any suffering by hanging, and in order to find out he placed a rope around his neck and stepped off a bench, intending to step back again, but he became immediately unconscious, and would have died in a few minutes had it not been for the timely arrival of a friend. He said he experienced all the feelings that I mentioned in the first stage."

### NEVER SMILED.

The Terrible Secret in the Life of an Erring Physician.

"A few years ago," said Charles J. Patterson, of Philadelphia, to a St. Louis Republic reporter, "I learned the secret of the life of a man who had passed more than a quarter of a century with scarcely a smile. He had been a physician and surgeon, and on one occasion had to remove an injured eye in order to save the other eye and prevent total blindness. The night before the operation he had been drinking heavily with some friends, and although the following morning he was sober, his hand was unsteady and his nerves unstrung. After administering chloroform he made a fatal and horrible blunder, removing the well eye by mistake and thus consigning his patient to perpetual blindness. The moment he discovered his error he turned the man over to a competent surgeon, decided everything he possessed to him and hurried from the neighborhood like a convicted thief. The remainder of his life was one constant round of remorse and he rapidly developed into a confirmed misanthrope. The secret of his life was known to a number of people, but when it was finally revealed to me it explained a mystery and made me respect the man, for however grave his original blunder, which in some respects was, of course, worse than a crime, his repentance was of the most genuine character."

### LOOK BEFORE YOU DRINK.

One Woman Didn't and Was Sorry for Her Negligence.

"Look before you leap," and also before you eat or drink, is a good motto to remember. It is wonderful how people will rise in the night, lay hold of a bottle in the dark, and quaff the contents, too often to realize by taste or feeling that they have swallowed carbolic acid or some other deadly draught."

A lady had an experience the other night which will teach her to light the gas before she partakes of refreshment in the night. She had a brown stone bottle of imported seltzer water left in the bathroom in case of feeling thirsty. One night she arose, fumbled about, found the bottle, which she knew by its shape, and the fact that it was not glass, turned out a gobletful, got a mouthful of something so nauseous that the goblet fell from her hand, its contents saturating her night dress."

After a good deal of spluttering and some delay she struck a light near the wash basin, over which hung a mirror; so she saw herself, and gave a shriek which roused the house as she did so. And no wonder—her face, teeth, hands, feet and garments were covered with ink.

### Easier Than Arithmetic.

It is easier to remember things usually if you know what they mean. A little boy could never remember even about how long a cubit is till his father told him the word was cubitus in Latin, which means an elbow, and that the measure called cubit was the distance from a man's elbow to the end of his middle finger. "And how much is a fathom?" asked the little boy. "Oh, fathom comes from the two words, 'fat,' which means, in the Aryan language, to extend, and 'hom,' a man. A fathom is the length of a man extended; that is, when his arms are stretched out on each side from the shoulders, from tip to tip of his fingers. The foot is an English word, and means just the length of the foot of a full-grown man."

### BREEDING A RACE OF IDIOTS.

Intermarrying in Germany Reducing Matrimony Almost to a National Curse.

Matrimony in Germany is a singular institution, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. There are so many restrictions, such a complement of formalities to be submitted to, that marriage is rather unpopular than otherwise. The prevailing idea is to keep money in the family, and to attain this end the people, so sensible and level-headed in many respects, are willing to go any wife his cousin, his aunt, his step-mother and his sister-in-law combined—he doesn't care so long as he has a hold on the money. The number of marriages among first cousins is countless, and the results appalling. How many idiots there are in the Fatherland I should not like to say. So that he may keep the money in his family it is quite a common occurrence for an uncle to marry his niece, and a man will sometimes wed his brother's widow. In Bavaria it is legal for a boy to marry at fourteen and a girl at twelve. A soldier may not become a benedict until he has reached the age of thirty—a most unpopular condition, and one which causes very disagreeable consequences. I heard of a case of a man who married his first cousin. He had four children, one of whom became a leper and two of them idiots. Three committed suicide, the fourth married her first cousin and had an idiot child. In another family the result of an intermarriage between cousins was two imbeciles out of three children; all three died young. In one district numbers of people with dreadfully swollen necks may be met. In the valleys of the Alps some of the most deformed idiots on earth are to be found. They are Cretins and live by begging, the hideousness of their looks bringing them in a good deal of money from the charitably disposed. And yet these poor creatures intermarry and spread the scourge. The marriage knot does not require any great effort in breaking it in Germany. Chronic mutual dislike and incompatibility of temper are sufficient reasons for divorce.

### IN HAPPY PARAGUAY.

The Women Are Lithe and Graceful and Wear White Dresses.

The women have well-molded limbs, voluptuous, lustrous eyes and are of every color, from mahogany to the white and pink complexion of the fairest Anglo-Saxon. The dress of a Paraguayan woman, says Knight's "Cruise of the Falcon," consists merely of a snow-white tunic, coming down to the knees, and a white shawl. These women are bare-footed. They stalk through the streets with a soft, supple, panther-like tread that is most beautiful, for they do not indulge in high-heeled boots and stiffs, but step out as Eve herself might have done, quite unimpeded by their simple dress, which is merely a short tunic tied round at the waist and adorned with the pretty native lace. These tunics have short sleeves and very low necks, and reveal the statuesque shoulders and breasts rather more than would be considered delicate in Europe.

This mild race lives principally on oranges, pumpkins, cassava and other fruits and vegetables, being almost vegetarians. Many are the virtues of these poor, brave Paraguayans; they are hospitable, kindly honest, and, though marriage is looked upon as an unnecessary prelude to two young people starting housekeeping together, they are remarkably constant in their attachments. The Paraguayan girls are like Byron's savage heroines—faithful unto death, soft as doves, but ready to give up their lives for their mates. What I particularly remarked was the jovial, gay nature of this amiable and innocent race.

### WOMAN'S TRUE KINDLINESS.

It Is More Natural with Her Than with Man.

Among all nations, women are ever inclined to be cheerful and modest. They do not hesitate, like man, to perform a hospitable or generous action; not haughty, nor arrogant, nor supercilious, but full of courtesy and affection; industrious, economical, ingenious; more virtuous and performing more good actions than man. I never addressed myself in the language of decency and friendship to a woman, whether civilized or savage, without receiving a decent and friendly answer.

In wandering over the barren plains of inhospitable Denmark, through honest Sweden, frozen Lapland, rude and churlish Finland, unprincipled Russia and the widespread regions of the wandering Tartar, if hungry, dry, cold, wet, or sick, woman has ever been friendly to me, and uniformly so; and, to add to this virtue, so worthy the appellation of benevolence, these actions have been performed in so free and kind a manner that, if I was dry, I drank the sweet draught, and if hungry, ate the coarse morsel with a double relish.

### An Odd Bird's Nest.

The oddest of all birds' nests is the one built by the tomtom, a South African songster. It is built of cotton, and always upon the tree producing the material. In constructing the domicile the female works inside and the male outside, where he builds a senti-nel box for his own special use. He sits in the box and keeps watch or sings nearly all the time, and when danger comes in the form of a hawk or a snake he warns the family, but never enters the main nest.

### A DUCK HUNTER'S RESORT.

The Odd Business Methods of a Southern Storekeeper.

Duck night at Ewell's store, down on the Virginia coast near the North Carolina line, is locally famous in the ducking season as the special night in the week when the storekeeper is at home to the duck hunters of the region. Ewell, says the New York Sun, buys ducks of the hunters, paying for the game in goods from his store, and shipping his purchases to an up-country life-saving station, whence they find their way to the markets of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. As Ewell waits behind his counter with a lantern, the duckers, rude-looking fellows of the beach-comber type, drop in one by one and sit around in the gloom. Ewell hangs the game in a cold room at the rear of the store and credits each duck with the agreed value of his ducks. As each transaction is made the ducker recalls something that he needs from the merchant's stock, and when he has received the article the price is debited against his credit. The ducker then relapses to the nearest barrel or box and waits until some other needed article shall occur to his mind. He then makes the new demand upon the merchant, has a new debit placed against his credit, and again sinks back into the gloom. After fully two hours of this sort of thing, those who wish the balance of their credit paid in cash receive their dues, and everybody cautiously repairs to a hollow tree hard by, where moonshiners from over the North Carolina line are waiting with a fiery article of untaxed liquor, and the heart of the ducker is made glad.

### COWBOY APPRENTICESHIP.

A Calling That Is Fraught with Much Mental Anguish.

"If young men who have the cowboy fever had any idea of the apprenticeship they are likely to serve before becoming full-fledged cowboys, most of them would be cured without the expense of a trip a thousand miles west," says Elias Miller, of Hutchinson, Kan., to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat recently. "It is nearly twenty years since I had the fever and went out to be cured. My first work was watching the line between Wyoming and Dakota. Line or fence watching is an assignment frequently given to a newcomer, and the duties consist in riding up and down the line and preventing cattle from straying over it. Several men have lost their reason in this work, and I came very near doing so myself. All the glory and adventure we read of in books is absent, and the solitude is terrible. I could cover my distance in about two days, and did nothing else but ride up and down the line watching for the stray cattle, which never strayed my way. Sheep herding is said to be the most terribly monotonous work a man can be put to, but there are few cowboys in the west who have not an acute recollection of the sufferings they endured when doing such work as I describe. There are hundreds of men doing it to-day, but each of them is looking forward to obtaining a new job with almost the eagerness of a convict who knows that his sentence has nearly expired."

### HOLLAND'S THAMPS.

Instead of Herding Them Together the Gentry Are Scattered Over Farms.

The growth of the tramp industry in this country and the consequently increasing demands made upon the charity of our large cities forces to the front the question of pauperism. What shall the country do with those who want work and cannot get it, and with those who might get it and won't do it? These questions seem to be handled more successfully in Holland than in any other country of the civilized world. In most other countries these people are herded together in vast poorhouses or fed in common soup kitchens, but the Holland idea is to scatter them as widely as possible and to make all who are able to do it earn their own living.

The state has a tract of land containing about five thousand acres divided into six farms, and every person applying for relief is sent to one of these. If he is willing to work and voluntarily serves until he has gained some idea of agriculture he is allowed to rent a small farm for himself and to be what is called a "free farmer." This is a very practical method of dealing with the vexed problem, and one that is especially adapted to this country.

### A Canine Chicken Thief.

A man in Scranton, Pa., missed three or four of his black Hamburg pullets, and made up his mind that his neighbor's big cat was the thief. So he lay in wait for the culprit with a shotgun, and presently there appeared, not a cat, but a small black-and-tan dog, which seized a little chicken and ran off with it, right before the eyes of the owner, who was so astonished that he forgot to shoot. When he recovered his senses, he chased the dog and traced it to a house five blocks away. The family begged him not to kill the children's pet, and ransomed the dog by paying for all the chickens that had been stolen.

### Raising Cotton in Egypt.

The cotton fields of Egypt are artificially watered about eight times during cultivation, generally by taking the Nile water between the ridges on which the plants are growing. The general ripening of the pods begins in September and the cotton is ready for the first picking in October.



# CHRONICLE-UNION

BRIDGEPORT, SEPTEMBER 22, 1894.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

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ASSEMBLYMAN COLEMAN.

The vexed Assembly question having been settled by the Inyo Republican Convention endorsing Hon. Cyrus Coleman, of Alpine, as our candidate for the Assembly, we hope the Republican papers of this District will refrain from the bickering which have created more or less feeling in regard to the nomination of Assemblyman. Since it was denied by Mr. Coleman that he was a candidate for State Senator, we refrained from discussing the question until the time for selecting the nominee.

When a cotemporary declared its purpose to insist on Alpine having both Senator and Assemblyman, in case Coleman was the nominee for Senator, merely because it was Alpine's turn to have the Assemblyman, we opposed, and claimed it for Mono, believing that Alpine would be more than satisfied with the Senator, and knowing that it would not be politic to nominate both from one county. In common with a majority of the leading and fair-minded Republicans of this county, we are of the opinion that the "altercating plan" should be discontinued after this election. Under this "plan," Mono will be entitled to the nomination two years hence, and when that time arrives, we shall, if in the flesh, oppose the plan, and, if Coleman is elected, as he doubtless will be, and he does as well next winter as during his four previous terms, we shall favor his re-nomination, for the reason that Legislative Districts are not made for the benefit of individuals, but for the public good, and when either District secures an able representative, he should be retained as long as he serves the people faithfully. Districts represented by old and tried members have their interests better served, and are generally more fortunate in matters of legislation, than those which periodically change. The South understands this thoroughly, and return members of Congress term after term, and thus dominate legislation, while the North sends new men who exert very little influence with the old timers. We have known Cy Coleman, as he is familiarly called by his friends, since February, 1864, and have been intimate friends from that time, and know that he acts independently of all rings or corporations; influence; that he belongs to no man except Cy Coleman; that he wears no "collar" but his own, and in all his legislative actions will be guided by the interests and wishes of his constituents, and not by any corporation, however great or small. We say this on account of an attack thus early made on him by the only Democratic paper in this District, the Inyo Independent, which has intimated that Coleman is the choice of the corporations. It is very evident that the Independent does not know Cy Coleman, or it would make no such insinuation. The Independent should wait until its nominee is trotted out before it throws mud, as it may find its friend living in a glass house, and the mud a boomerang.

The South Carolina Democratic State Convention denounced Cleveland in unmeasured terms for his course on the silver question; for appointing Republicans to office, and attempting to browbeat Senators and Representatives to do his bidding.

Lots of people on the Democratic mind throughout the country this Fall. The people are calling loudly for another "change," and for more silver change.

As an evidence of how the small interior towns are robbed of their loose change, the Graphic says that a merry-go-round cleaned up \$500 in a two weeks run in Oakdale.

THE LAND OF PROMISE.

In the mighty West, the land that is tickled with a hoarse laugh a harvest; the El Dorado of the miner; the goal of the agricultural enthusiast. While it teems with all the elements of wealth and prosperity, some of the most fruitful portions of it bear a harvest of malaria reaped in its fullness by those unprotected by a medicinal safeguard. No one seeking or dwelling in a malarial locality is safe from the scourge without Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Emigrants bear this in mind. Commercial travelers sojourning in malarious regions should carry a bottle of the Bitters in the traditional gripack. Against the effects of exposure, mental or bodily overwork, damp and unwholesome food or water, it is an infallible defense. Constipation, rheumatism, biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and loss of strength are all remedied by this genial restorative.

NEW TO-DAY.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE CLINTON SCHOOL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property of the Clinton School—school desks, Teacher's desk, globe, charts, maps and Library.

Will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1894, At 1 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House, Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal.

By order of the Board of Supervisors, J. D. MURPHY, Clerk.

For Justice of the Peace, GEORGE H. BUMP.

For Sale at This Office

CHRONICLE-UNION.

ORDER IT.

## SHOULD BE DEFEATED.

SENATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 20.

An Act to submit to the people of the State of California an amendment to section twenty-three of article four of the Constitution of the State of California.

SECTION 23. The members of the Legislature shall receive, in full payment for their services, the sum of one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, and mileage not to exceed ten cents per mile, and for contingent expenses not to exceed twenty-five dollars, for each session, to be paid out of the public treasury. No increase in compensation or mileage shall take effect during the term for which the members of either house shall have been elected, and the pay of no attaché shall be increased after he is elected or appointed.

The above proposed amendment should be defeated by an immense majority of the votes at the coming election. The increase of the pay of members and allowing unlimited sessions would add over \$100,000 to the expenses of a session of the Legislature without any corresponding benefit to the people of the State. Aside from the great increase in its running expenses, will the people of this State vote to give the Legislature more time in which to pass thieving bills and legislate to the detriment of the State? We believe they will not endorse any such proposition. All the legislation required by the people of this State could be perfected in thirty days if members of both branches of the Legislature would attend to their legislative duties as they do to their own private affairs, instead of fooling away their time by adjourning after a session of an hour or two, as is too frequently the case. About one half of every session is frittered away through early and unnecessary adjournments, foolish motions and long-winded speeches, and if 100-day sessions were allowed, still more time would be asked for in which iniquitous legislation could be rushed through during its last hours. This proposed amendment should be kept before the voters of this State with a view to its defeat. The 6th of November should launch a big snow-fall of ballots on the proposition, and enough to freeze it out for all time.

Newspaper men are, now and then, appreciated and considered worthy of political preferment, instead of being only fitted for assisting others to office. The Republicans of Nevada county nominated W. P. Calkins, of the Truckee Republican, for County Clerk, and C. F. McGlashan, late of the same paper, is the Populist candidate for District Attorney of that county. R. M. Maddox, of the Visalia Times, is the Democratic nominee for Secretary of State.

Breckenridge, the libertine Congressman of Kentucky, has been defeated in his aspirations for a re-election, he having met a Waterloo defeat at the primary election on Saturday last, Col. Owens receiving the Democratic nomination by an overwhelming vote. His defeat is creditable to the people of Henry Clay's old house.

## LEGAL.

### NOTICE TO REDEEM REAL ESTATE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN AND TO THE OWNERS AND OCCUPANTS OF THE REAL PROPERTY HEREINAFTER DESCRIBED:

TAKE NOTICE That the following described real estate situate, lying and being in Alpine County, State of California, described as follows, to wit:

That certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "HIGHLAND MARY," being Mineral Entry No. 506, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 35 and 36, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 507, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 37 and 38, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "LA FAYETTE MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 508, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 39 and 40, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 509, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 41 and 42, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 510, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 43 and 44, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 511, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 45 and 46, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 512, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 47 and 48, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 513, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 49 and 50, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

Also, that certain mine in Alpine Mining District, known as the "THE UNION QUARTZ MINE," being Mineral Entry No. 514, in the series of the U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, and designated by the Surveyor General as Lots 51 and 52, embracing a portion of Townships Nine (9) and Ten (10) North, Range Twenty (20) East.

## MEDICAL.



Mr. A. H. Hyde.

### Do You Ever Have Bolls?

"For several years prior to 1892, there was hardly a day that I was free from bolls and other eruptions of the skin arising from impurities of the blood. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had finished the third bottle I found myself entirely cured." A. H. Hyde, of Van Valer & Hyde, Real Estate, De Long Building, Fresno, California.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

## SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF MONO, State of California.

K. KIRWIN, Plaintiff, vs. ALICE KIRWIN, Defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and the Complaint filed in said County of Mono in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court.

The People of the State of California, send Greeting to ALICE KIRWIN, Defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service upon you of this summons, if served within this Mono County; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain judgment against you dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between you and Plaintiff and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said Complaint as above required, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in said Complaint.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, this 14th day of September, A. D. 1894.

J. D. MURPHY, Clerk.  
By J. W. TOWLE, Deputy Clerk.

Indorsed: Superior Court, State of California, County of Mono.

K. Kirwin, Plaintiff, vs. Alice Kirwin, Defendant.

Copy Summons.

Filed September 14th, 1894.

By J. W. TOWLE, Deputy Clerk.

CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Plaintiff.

[s172m]

Teachers' Examination.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal., September 6, 1894.

THE NEXT REGULAR MEETING OF THE County Board of Education of Mono County will be held on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1894.

at Bridgeport.

Applicants for Teachers' Certificates or Diplomas will please file their intentions with the School Superintendent, and Secretary of the Board.

The following are the studies required for a Primary Grade Certificate:

Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Composition, United States History, Orthography, Spelling, Reading, Methods of Teaching, School Law, Industrial Drawing, Psychology, Civil Government, Elementary Bookkeeping, Vocal Music.

The additional branches required for Grammatical Certificates are as follows: Philosophy, Algebra, English Literature.

Applicants for Diplomas of Graduation will omit from the studies of the Primary Grade Methods of Teaching and School Law.

CORNELIA RICHARDS, Superintendent of Schools.

[s81d]

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN STATE OF FRED. HENESLEIT, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Administratrix of the Estate of FRED. HENESLEIT, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said Administratrix at the law office of W. G. Parker, Bridgeport, Mono County, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in said County of Mono.

Dated, Bridgeport, Mono Co., Cal., this 27th day of August, 1894.

Her REBECCA H. HENESLEIT, Adm.

Administratrix of the Estate of Fred. Henesleit, deceased.

Witness to Mark of Rebecca Henesleit, WM. J. CRAWFORD.

BRIDGEPORT MARKET.

GEORGE H. BUMP, DEALER IN Beef, Mutton and Pork.

TYPE METAL

## TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

### AT Sweet Brier Camp

A New and Beautiful MOUNTAIN RETREAT In the Vicinity of CASTLE CRAGS and MT. SHASTA.

Read what the Rev. J. K. McLean, Pastor of the First Congregational Church, Oakland, says of it:

Hazel Creek, April 14, '94.

"... I am more than pleased with it—delighted. The place seems to me to embody all available points for a camp—dry, firm soil, good water (the very best), fine chances for drainage, and scenery unsurpassable. The view of Mt. Shasta is one of the very best to be had from any point; it is visible from every part of the ground. The view of the Crags also is fine. The general environment is of the best. It is an oval-shaped amphitheater, three miles long by one-fourth to three-fourths of a mile wide, with receding walls two to three thousand feet in height, with lines and shades of beauty at every reach. I doubt if a better place can be found in all Northern California."

REDUCED RATES.

Campers' Outfits, Tents, Poles, Bedding, Cook-stoves, Folding chairs, etc., shipped as baggage.

For full information address

T. J. LOFTUS, Castella, Cal., or T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agent, SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY, San Francisco, Cal.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD are as follows:

Buggy team, each, \$1.50  
Loaded wagon and two animals, each, 1.00  
Each additional pair of animals, 50  
Horseman, each, 25  
Pack animals, each, 25  
Horse and sheep, each, 10  
Loose stock, each, 5  
Empty teams, half-price.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, no credit is given.

Buggy team, each, \$1.50  
Loaded wagon and two animals, each, 1.00  
Each additional pair of animals, 50  
Horseman, each, 25  
Pack animals, each, 25  
Horse and sheep, each, 10  
Loose stock, each, 5  
Empty teams, half-price.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. JORDAN & CO.'S GREAT MUSEUM OF ANATOMY

1051 Market St., San Francisco (Between 6th and 7th Sts.)

Go and learn how wonderfully you are made and how to avoid sickness and disease. Museum enlarged with thousands of new objects. Admission 25c.

Private Office—Same Building 1051 Market Street—Diagnosis of most strictures, loss of manhood, diseases of the skin and kidneys quickly cured without the use of mercury. Treatments personally or by letter. Send for book.

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT

PENSIONS

Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P.O. Box 462, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR SOLDIERS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1892 to 1893, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

THOMAS F. COYLE'S Tonsorial Parlor.

CORNER OF MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS BRIDGEPORT.

Haircutting, shaving and Shampooing. Razors honed.

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Corsets, Trade-marks, Design Patents, Copyrights.

And all Patent business conducted for

MODERATE FEES.

Information and advice given to inventors without charge. Address

PRESS CLAIMS CO., JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney,

P.O. Box 462, WASHINGTON, D. C.

This Company is managed by a combination of the largest and most influential newspapers in the United States, for the express purpose of procuring their subscribers against unscrupulous and incompetent Patent Agents, and each paper printing this advertisement vouches for the responsibility and high standing of the Press Claims Company.

ANTelope & BRIDGEPORT TOLL ROAD.

Is in first-class condition, and the Shortest and Best Route to and from

CARSON.

OTTO LARSON, Lessee.

THIS PAPER

IS ONLY \$2.50 A YEAR.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

ORDER IT.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES L. HAYES, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

WM. O. PARKER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. [s1211]

R. S. MINER, ATTORNEY AT LAW

Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal

Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation will receive special attention. [s1211]

HOMER E. OSBORN, GENERAL BROKER IN

Merchandise, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

409 Montgomery Street, SAN FRANCISCO.

W. A. R. LOOSE, ASSAYER AND

METALLURGIST.

BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. G. HUGHES, BLACKSMITH AND

WAGON MAKER.

BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HORSE AND OX SHOEING.

AND GENERAL JOBBING.

BRIDGEPORT LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

CORNER OF MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

Horses boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Baled Hay, Oats, Barley and Wheat for sale in Quantities to Suit.

Single or Double Teams at all hours.

A. D. WALTZ, Proprietor.

[s1211]

PORTABLE SODA FOUNTAINS

Complete Ready For Use.

\$35 TO \$80.

FOR PUBLIC GATHERINGS

OR THE FINEST STONE.

Over 30 Years in Use All Over the World.

No generators or extras. Operated by a child. Will stand by any 4000 Gas Fountain and sell five glasses to its own.

CHAPMAN & CO., MADISON, INDIANA.

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Is in first-class condition, and the Shortest and Best Route to and from

CARSON.

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IS ONLY \$2.50 A YEAR.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

ORDER IT.

## HOTELS.

ALLEN HOUSE, BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

First-Class In Its Appointments.

Livery and Feed Stable connected with the Hotel.

The patronage of the Public respectfully solicited. [s1211]

LEWIS A. MURPHY.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, Main street.

BODIE, CAL.

N. W. BOYD, Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first-class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS, Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accommodations

HOT SPRINGS HOTEL.

SAMUEL FALES, Proprietor

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS.

(65 miles from Sonora and 30 from



# CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, SEPTEMBER 22 1894.

## Bridgeport Post Office.

(Money Order Office).

Elia E. Brady, Postmaster.

OFFICE HOURS:

Week Days—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Sundays—9 to 10 A. M. and 4 to 5 P. M.

## MAILS.

Bodie—every day, except Sunday.

Departure, 7 P. M.—Arrival, 9 A. M.

Mailboxes—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

9 A. M.

Arrivals, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

6 P. M.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

### Personal.

Chas. H. Kelly and wife, of Carson, arrived here on Tuesday evening en route for a visit at Bodie, their former home.

Mrs. A. K. Meyers and wife, and Mrs. G. E. Fitzpatrick came over from Bodie on Wednesday and went up to Fales' Springs for a few days.

George Barnett, son of D. M. Barnett, of Nevada, has entered the Nevada State University at Reno.

Public Administrator A. P. Sayre was in town on Wednesday.

J. Powell and W. Radley were up from Antelope this week.

George Kinney, wife and family returned from Bishop on Wednesday, on account of the sickness of Mrs. Ann Summers, Mrs. Kinney's mother.

M. J. Cody, wife and daughter Ella returned home from the Battlement mine yesterday.

R. A. Leale was over from Bodie yesterday.

Fred. Hardy was up from Antelope yesterday and went to the Convention at Bodie this morning.

Sheriff Hayes, District Attorney Hayes, M. J. Cody and W. O. Parker went to the Democratic Convention at Bodie this morning.

D. M. Barnett came up from Coleville yesterday in poor health.

Rich. Whitford and brother have gone to Sonora to attend the Fair.

### THE TAX LEVY.

The Board of Supervisors meet in regular session on Monday next, when the tax levy will be made. As the State tax is lower this year, our entire tax should not be much over \$1.90 on the \$100, exclusive of the special school taxes of Bridgeport and Bodie. The lower the rate, the closer the collection, consequently the 15 per cent additional levied under the State law to offset delinquencies, is a clear gain, as there has been no such delinquencies in the past few years. Tax Collector Hayes having collected taxes very closely. The Board should take into consideration the fact, that the lower our taxes are, the greater is the inducement to invest in the county, and to improve our possessions and thereby add to the assessable wealth of the county. There are several enterprises here in their infancy which will be greatly strengthened and fostered in the matter of improvements through a low rate of taxation.

THE DUNDERBURG MINE BONDED.—Our citizens will be glad to learn that the great Dunderburg mine, near Bridgeport, has been bonded by a San Francisco company, which will soon commence work under the conditions of the bond. The mine, we believe, is to be worked and the superintendent of a gentleman who, as superintendent of the Utah Dunderburg mine, took out \$2,000,000. It would be a happy coincidence if he should take that amount out of the Bridgeport Dunderburg, of which he entertains a very high opinion, and is confident it will prove to be a good mine. It is probable that work will commence about the 1st of October.

ANOTHER WEDDING.—Cards are out for the marriage of our esteemed friend, Postmaster John Matly, of Mono Lake, to Miss Lou Benedict, of Carson. The wedding will take place at the beautiful home of Mr. Matly on the border of Mono Lake at noon on Monday next. A regiment of friends will assemble on Monday to witness his promotion from bachelorhood to a more congenial sphere in life. We thank our friend for his kind remembrance, and trust that he will hereafter give his undivided attention to the males—aside from his domestic duties.

THE VOTE.—The following is the vote polled at the Republican primary election: Antelope, 41; Benton, 41; Bodie, 143; Bridgeport, 131; Lundy, 52; Mono Lake, 34—Total, 426. This vote will be counted at the General Election. The vote is within 103 of that of 1892, when Harrison had 286, Cleveland 165, Weaver 70. Bidwell 7. The Populists and Prohibitionists will not so figure this year.

A BIG LOAD.—On Thursday afternoon Wash. P. Brandon passed our office with 14 horses, hauling three wagons loaded with 8,195 feet of lumber from Hawks' Sawmill, for the Standard Co. mine at Bodie. The load was mostly, if not all, heavy, square timbers, and being green, the load was a weighty one for a 20 mile haul up hill—but Wash. has the team to do it.

Dr. T. A. Keables and E. L. Reese, of Bodie, are here on Republican Central Committee business.

## THE CANDIDATES.—The following are the candidates nominated at the Republican primary election on Saturday last:

For Sheriff—W. P. Onst.

County Clerk—J. D. Morphy.

Treasurer—J. A. Brown.

District Attorney—F. E. Hunsell.

Assessor—John J. Welch.

Coroner and Public Administrator—A. F. Sayre.

Superintendent of Public Schools—Cornelia Richards.

Supervisors—1st Dist., Wm. Whinnin.

2d, R. A. Leale, 5th, Henry A. Pitta.

Justices of the Peace—Antelope: Wm. T. Barnes, B. G. Watkins; Benton—John H. King, John Tucker; Bridgeport—Geo. H. Bump; Bodie—George Delury, Antonio Maestrelli.

Constables—Antelope: James Crawford, Martin H. Shields; Benton—John King, Wm. Edwards; Bridgeport—Thomas F. Coyle, E. A. Murphy; Bodie—Henry Branch.

The following are the Central Committee:

Antelope—Wm. Boardman, E. Gullickson; Benton—John H. King, John Tucker; Bridgeport—W. T. Elliott, Emory E. Kirkwood, M. M. Walize, C. E. Wedertz; Bodie—E. L. Reese, John McAlpin, Samuel Tyack.

The Republican Primary.—The Republican election for the nomination of county candidates by the "Crawford plan" took place on Saturday afternoon last passed off very quietly, although great interest was taken in it. The saloons were closed while the polls were open. 101 votes were polled and distributed as follows: Sheriff—Butler, 26; Onst, 22; Burnside, 19; Kirkwood, 33; Clerk, Auditor and Recorder—Murphy, 71; Beane, 26. Treasurer—Brown, 87. District Attorney—Hunsell. Assessor—Welch, 97. Superintendent of Schools, Miss Cornelia Richards, 100. Coroner and Public Administrator—Sayre, 100. G. H. Bump was nominated for Justice, receiving 52 votes, Dan. Smith and Grant Patterson being tied on a vote of 45. Thus, Coyle and E. A. Murphy were nominated for Constables. W. T. Elliott, M. M. Walize, E. E. Kirkwood and C. E. Wedertz were elected Central Committeemen.

## WOLF TRAPPED.—Barney Peeler, on the 14th, trapped a gray wolf on the ranch of Zerab Smith, four miles from town. Having no help to corral alive and bring him to town, he shot him and brought the carcass to town on Saturday. He was what is called, on the plains, a buffalo wolf. He was five feet, eight inches from tip to tip, and two feet, eight inches high. He had an ugly muzzle, having two inch-incisors. After skinning, the head was given to F. M. Richardson, who has the cleaned skull in his cabinet. Such skins are not placed up neighbors to have as near home, and it will be well to watch, as he may have a mate prowling around.

## WOOL SHIPMENTS.—Antelope Valley's local sheep owners have shipped about 37,000 pounds of wool, just clipped, to San Francisco. The shearing at Fales' Hot Springs and Bridgeport has not been completed, but considerable wool has been shipped from both points.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.—On Friday next, at 1 o'clock, in front of the Court House, the desks, globe, library, maps, etc., belonging to the late Clinton school will be sold at public auction. See advertisement.

## THANKS.—N. Daniels, of Benton; Wm. Stewart, of Lundy; and R. G. Watkins, of Coleville, will accept thanks for election returns sent to this office.

## WILL REVIEW.—In our next issue we will review the county candidates of both parties.

## THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE will meet this afternoon and canvass the returns of the late election.

## SCHOOL opened on Monday with the old teachers and the usual attendance.

## On Wednesday about 400 Grass Valley striking miners ordered Superintendent A. Hohnsabel, of the Osborn Hill mine, to leave town. He accepted their invitation and they escorted him to Buena Vista, 4 miles, where he took the train.

## Gen. J. R. Kittrell, who recently stepped from the Democracy to the Populists, because he failed to get the Democratic nomination for District Attorney of Stanislaus county, has been rewarded with the Populist nomination.

## \$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

## Levi P. Morton, ex-Vice President, has been nominated for Governor of New York by the Republicans.

## LESSONS given in Oil Painting by Miss Hattie Seales.

## NOTICE.

MONTROSE.—At Monday, September 17th, to the wife of R. T. Montrose's daughter.

## GREWSOME SIGHTS IN A MINE.

The Trip Down a Deep Shaft Full of Thrill to the Tenderfoot.

Going down into the mine is indeed a thrilling experience and one rather overwhelming to the "tenderfoot," says a writer in Cassier's Magazine. Enveloped in suits of waterproof, with hats of oilskin and provided with candles, a party ready for the descent presents a gruesome spectacle, reminding one forcibly of certain conceptions of Dore. The cage, which serves for both passengers and freight, rises to a level with the floor of the shafthouse, and is simply a platform of wood with up-rights and framing of iron. This fits closely in the shaft, being lowered and raised by means of machinery puzzling enough to the interested stranger, with its drum, sheaves, cable and various safety appliances. To take a position on that little square of wood, feeling that on this machinery, "which does sometimes break, you know," hangs all one's hope, requires some courage. Much comfort is derived from the assurance of the foreman that this same cage has safely carried down and up all the delvers below with never an accident yet. With the warning, "elbows in," the cage drops. With a gasp one reaches wildly about to find nothing to hold to in that damp darkness, growing so dense as that square "hole of daylight" diminishes so rapidly, and down we glide through trickling waters without jar and in utter silence till, with a thud, the cage stops, two thousand five hundred feet under ground.

The dim candle light casts weird shadows as we follow the superintendent along a narrow gallery cut in the igneous rock to connect the vein with the shaft. At the intersection another long gallery extends to the right and left, but its parallel walls are smooth, often highly polished, at times four feet apart; again more, but always with an inclination to the vertical. These are the faces of the fissured rock between which, overhead and below, is the vein matter. Through the gloomy darkness we pick our way cautiously along the narrow plank, resting on ties laid over the gutterway. Below us the water rushes down to the shaft, emptying into the "sump," a continuation of the shaft below the lowest level, serving as a well out of which the water is lifted by the great pumps, whose continual beat, up and down, up and down, with monotonous regularity, breaks the silence like the throb of some great hidden heart. Climbing a ladder, or, rather, five ladders—for there is a platform at every twenty feet—in Egyptian darkness, illumined only by the light of a candle, with ice cold water dripping from each round and trickling along one's arm and a small torrent from the tarpaulin hat down one's back, is apt to dampen, if not to eradicate forever, any lingering fancy for a miner's life.

## FRENCH MONUMENTS.

Hugo's Gruesome Hill Goes Unsurpassed by Bronze or Marble.

A monument to Gonnod is decided upon. A subscription of twenty thousand dollars was raised easily, rapidly and triumphantly. The sculptor is selected, and soon Paris will be endowed with the statue of the composer who will only be known to future generations as the author of one great creation, namely: "Faust," and the perpetrator thereafter of various charming works, "Mireille" and "Romeo and Juliet," for example, and also of large quantities of more or less dismal failures. No one will claim that Gonnod was the greatest composer of his day; yet he is to be glorified while the ashes of Victor Hugo lie unburied in their dusty coffin, tossed carelessly into the vaults of the Pantheon and covered with the moldering remains of the magnificent floral tributes that were sent to do honor to his funeral, says the Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia Telegraph.

A statue of Victor Hugo was decided upon also, but the subscriptions languished and dwindled until they stopped at an amount of twenty-five hundred dollars. So the literary giant of our generation is only commemorated by his own great works, and his neglected coffin is left unmarked, save by the horrified or indifferent eyes of the countless tourists who drift to the Pantheon to see the new frescoes, painted by the great artists of France by order of the republic, and who incidentally explore the vaults of the huge temple.

Until not very long ago one huge vacant space was visible at the Pantheon, among the completed panels that surrounded it. As was courteous to so great an artist, the government had offered a section of the Pantheon to Meissonier to decorate. Meissonier instantly accepted, although perfectly conscious he could not paint one of those huge frescoes any more than a fly could fire a cannon; but being an artistic dog in the manger, he could neither do it himself nor would he allow anyone else to take the work. Of course, since his death it is satisfactorily completed.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.—DR.

**PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**  
MOST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## A SHAKESPEAREAN SPEECH.

Old Address Made at Stratford-on-Avon in the Last Century.

The following is a copy of a speech delivered by Francis Raymond at one of the Shakespearean anniversaries at Stratford-on-Avon in the last century: "Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen: The 'Tempest' of applause which followed the announcement of a name so unworthy as my own has left me a bankrupt in thanks like the 'Merchant of Venice.' You cannot expect me to philosophize like 'Hamlet,' nor meditate like 'Macbeth,' yet I am as grateful as 'Pericles.' But, were I to talk myself black in the face like 'Othello,' my efforts would prove 'Love's Labor Lost.' Our worthy president and his supporters, like the 'Two Gentlemen of Verona,' have vied with each other to pass the evening exactly 'As You Like It.' The chronicles of England, from 'Lear' to 'Cymbeline,' and up to 'King John,' and through the 'Henrys and Richards' to the reign of 'Henry VIII.' were but a 'Comedy of Errors;' but the events of this night will serve to enliven many 'A Winter's Tale,' when life has passed away like 'A Midsummer Night's Dream.' Were I 'Romeo, and Juliet' to go off with 'Titus Andronicus,' or were I 'Troilus and Cressida,' to elope with 'Timon of Athens,' I would not trouble myself about the 'Taming of the Shrew,' but would leave them to amuse themselves like the 'Merry Wives of Windsor,' and to support my misfortunes with the pride of 'Coriolanus.' Nay, were I a 'Julius Caesar,' I would not exchange my present honor to pass my 'Twelfth Night' with 'Antony and Cleopatra.' I fear I am trespassing unwarrantably on your time, and as I have no claims on your attention, I have borrowed a few titles for your notice, and as 'All's Well That Ends Well,' I will conclude by offering you my sincere thanks, or you may charge me with making 'Much Ado About Nothing.'"

## ONE SPECIES OF BLACKMAIL.

Threatening to Build a Stable in a Good Residence Neighborhood.

There is no other city in the United States where the negative use of private property has become such an abuse as in New York. In many instances what the Pittsburgh Dispatch calls this "dog-in-the-manger policy" won't build himself and won't let anybody else build—is but a species of conservatism that belongs to the middle ages. But in very many it is simply and purely a species of blackmail. The property owners next door or in the near neighborhood would willingly buy out the objectionable place only the price is fixed far above the market rates.

"We can't pay such a price as that. Why, it's twice as much as the property is worth!"

"Very well—it's my price—you can take it or leave it. I'm going to build a stable on it if you don't purchase!"

And there you are. All through the heart of business New York this real-estate blackmail is held over the heads of those who would build befitting the grandeur of a great city. It is not by small holders, but by very rich men, or by estates managed by agents. Whenever an enterprising man or big corporation desires to build a new business block anywhere, he or it is almost sure to find some owner of this kind to embarrass or stop the projected improvement. It may be the estate is founded on ground rents, or it may be the property of some resident abroad who is satisfied with present investment and won't sell at all. The probability is, however, that the owner will sell, but demand such an exorbitant price that it comes very properly under the head of blackmail. It is to pay me so much—you can't get along without my plot—it is my price, or stop!

## MISCELLANEOUS.

FRANK F. OSBORN, late of Osborn & Alexander President and Manager.

WARREN S. FERRIS, EDWIN VAN EVERY Vice-President and Secretary. Treasurer.

Frank F. Osborn, the General Manager was the founder, and for 21 years an active partner, of the firm of Osborn & Alexander—dissolved October, 1893.



OSBORN HARDWARE & TOOL COMPANY.  
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Highest Grade,

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Low Prices.

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Country Orders solicited, and promptly at ended to.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

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## GENERAL

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## LOWEST CASH PRICES.

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Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.





### A Parking Astoria Faced Death Rather Than Sail in a German Ship.

## THE GIRL CONFIDANTE.

## Progress in Bacteriology.

*(Faint, illegible text)*

## The Outcome of a Poker Game Among Bad Men.

A queer crowd sat in a barroom at Caddo, in Indian territory, a few months ago. They had drifted together in a dingy little barroom, one-half of which was set apart for gambling. A rough gang had been gathering all evening, says the Chicago Times, and the town people were timid and silently allowed the loud-mouthed strangers, with the red dust on their faces and big pistols in their belts, to have the right of way.

"Let's make it a jack pot," roared a stout, red-faced man, with a terrific glare across his face and an evil eye in his hand.

"I'm with you," quietly acquiesced a nervous fellow, who wore a new sombrero and never let his eye stray from the door, while at every sudden shift of the crowd his hands instinctively caught his pistol.

"Are you in, pard?" asked a third player, with only one eye, of the fourth party, evidently a stranger to the other three players. The latter was small, dandified, with a queer expression about the eyes and a peculiar shaped mouth.

"For your life I'm with you," said the latter, as he plunked in a big handful of silver. Then four pistols came out simultaneously and were placed at the right hand of each player.

"Can't cover," was repeated ironically for a half dozen deals and then the fellow with one arm started in for ten dollars. The rest saw him and raised the ante. Chips ran out and money took their place. The crowd gathered about the table and a fortune was soon in sight.

"My money is all gone," finally ejaculated the dudish fellow with the queer eye, "but I've 'got two good horses outside. I'll stake 'em, if you wish."

"Trot 'em in," said the others, with a knowing grin of delight. "The crowd'll see that you get a square deal, 'sanceer."

"The crowd 'ed-d," smiled the dan-

er youth. "I'll see to that myself." He went to the door and whistled, and soon two splendid ponies trotted up and were led in, standing quietly by the table, while their master again sat down and called the other players' names.

"Three kings, pair of deuces," said the  
ear-faced man, as he reached for the  
money.

## NOTICE TO INVENTORS

There has never at a time in the history of our country when the demand for inventions and improvements in the arts and sciences generally so great as now. The conveniences of mankind in the factory and work-shop, the household, on the farm, and in official life, require continual accessions to the apparatus and implements of each in order to save labor, time and expense. The political change in the administration of government does not affect the progress of the American inventor, who being on the alert, and ready to perceive the existing deficiencies, does not permit the affairs of government to deter him from quickly conceiving the remedy to overcome existing discrepancies. Too great care can not be exercised in choosing a competent and skillful attorney to prepare and prosecute an application for patent. Valuable interests have been lost and destroyed in innumerable instances by the employment of incompetent counsel, and especially is this advice applicable to those who adopt the "No patent, no pay" system. Inventors who entrust their business to this class of attorneys do so at imminent risk, as the breadth and strength of the patent is never considered in view of a quick endeavor to get an allowance and obtain the fee then due. THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, John Wedderburn, General Manager, 618 E street, N. W., Washington, D. C., representing a large number of important daily and weekly papers, as well as general periodicals of the country, was instituted to protect its patrons from unsafe methods heretofore employed in this line of business. The said Company is prepared to take charge of all patent business entrusted to it for reasonable fees, and prepares and prosecutes applications generally, including mechanical inventions, design patents, trademarks, labels, copyrights, interference cases, infringements, validity reports, and gives especial attention to rejected cases. It is also prepared to enter into competition with any firm in securing foreign patents.

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SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF  
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR  
A. P. SAYRE.

TO THE HON. W. H. VIRDEN, JUDGE OF  
THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY  
OF MONO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

A. P. SAYRE, Public Administrator of the County of Mono, State of California, respectfully submits the following Semi Annual Report of his Administration, as Public Administrator of the County of Mono, for the Term ending June 30th, 1884, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 1736 of the Code of Civil Procedure, of the State of California:

W. C. Nix.....	Sept. 22, 1893.
James Roy.....	Dec. 14, 1893.
David Knight.....	March 28, 1894.
Adaline Eggleston.....	April 3, 1894.

APPRaised VALUE OF PROPERTY OF  
DECEDENTS.

W. C. Nix	\$ 810 50
James Roy	2828 63
David Knight	415 32
Adeline Eggleston	300 05

MONEY WHICH CAME INTO THE HANDS  
OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

W. C. Nix .....\$ 810 25

James Roy	1734	15
David Knight	415	82
Adaline Eggleston	179	50

FEES AND EXPENSES PAID BY ADMINIS-  
TRATOR FOR BENEFIT OF ESTATE.

W. C. Nix	252 83
James Roy	87 43
David Knight	40 00
Adallue Eggleston	95 60

AMOUNT DISTRIBUTED TO HEIRS AND CREDITORS ON DECREE OF FINAL

W. C. Nix.....	\$557 42
James Roy.....	1926 32
David Knight.....	None
Adaline Eggleston.....	None

BALANCE CASH IN HANDS OF ADMIN-  
ISTRATOR, DEPOSITED WITH

COUNTY TREASURER.	
W. C. Nix .....	None
James Roy .....	None
David Knight .....	\$375 32
Adaline Eggleston .....	71 00

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, | 88.  
COUNTY OF MONO.

A. P. Sayre, first being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the Public Administrator of the County of Mono, State of California; and the foregoing is a full, true and correct return of all the Estates of decedents which have come into his hands, for the Estates herein above named. That he is not, and was not at any time interested in the expenditures of any kind made on account of any Estate he administers, nor is he associated in business or otherwise, with any one so interested.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of July, 1894.  
[Ls] CHAS. L. HAYES.

Notary Public, in and for Mono County.  
Indorsed: Superior Court, of Mono County,  
California.

Semi-annual Report of Public Administrator  
A. P. Sayre.  
Filed July 23d, 1894. J. D. Murphey, Clerk.  
CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Administrator  
(ad 6w)

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**Exposed the Trick.**

An amusing incident recently occurred at a town in the south of France, during the visit of a circus. One of the chief attractions of the show was a troupe of performing dogs, and, after they had gone through various feats, their trainer announced that Azor, the most accomplished of them all, would favor the audience with a piano-forte solo. Accordingly Azor mounted the chair and struck up the "Marsellaise." At this moment some one in the audience shouted "Rats!" and Azor made one bound in that direction of the cry. This created great laughter, which doubled when it was noticed that the piano went on playing, thus revealing the trick that had been perpetrated.

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